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A COMPARATIVE STUDY OF SPORTS ACHIEVEMENTS MOTIVATION BETWEEN QUALIFYING AND NON QUALIFYING TEAMS OF SENIOR STATE VOLLEYBALL CHAMPIONSHIP

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ABSTRACTS

The purpose of this study was to compare the level of sport achievement motivation between qualifying and non-qualifying teams of Senior State volleyball (Men's) tournament held at Narsinghpur, Madhya Pradesh. For the purpose of this investigation 96 male subjects (48 qualifying and 48 non qualifying) volleyball players were selected who participated in the in the senior state volleyball championship were selected as subjects of the study. Their age were ranged from 19 to 28 years. Sports Achievement Motivation Test by Dr. M.L. Kamlesh was used as criterion measure for the study. To find out the significant difference on the variable of achievement motivation between Qualifying and Non Qualifying Teams independent "t" test was employed. Significant differences were found among the National and State level Men Volleyball Players to their level of achievement motivation.



KEY WORDS : Sports achievement motivation, Senior State Volleyball Championship, Volleyball.

INTRODUCTION

Today sports have become inseparable phenomenon of our social life. It has made its own place at the apex of human civilization, because of its trail, competitive events and even improving nature. The acquisition of new knowledge for the betterment of performance of human organism in relation to physical, motor and physiological qualities is in process of saturation. The basis of achievement motivations is achievement motive i.e. a motive to achieve. Those who engage themselves in a task on account of an achievement motive are to say work under the spirit of achievement motivation. Achievement motive comes into picture when an individual knows that his performance will be evaluated; that the consequence of his action will be produce a feeling of pride in accomplishment. Hence achievement motive considered as a disposition to approach success or a capacity for taking pride in accomplishment when success at one or another activity is achieved. (Massachusetts, Addison Waslay, 1971).

PURPOSE OF THE STUDY:

To Compare and find out the achievement motivation level of teams between Qualifying and Non Qualifying teams of Senior State volleyball Championship.

METHODOLOGY:

A total of 96 male (48 qualifying and 48 non qualifying) volleyball players were selected for the study. Their age were ranged from 19 to 28 years. The achievement motivation was selected as variable of the study.

Criterion Measures:

The sports achievement motivation tests designed by the M.L. Kamlesh (1920) were used for the assessment of their motivation level. The sports achievement motivation test was twenty test items. Response value of test extents from 0 to 40. Each items carries a maximum score of two (2) and the minimum (0), when the subjects tick marked () the upper pole part, he /she was given (2) points and when he /she tick marked () the lower pole part, no score was awarded.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION:

Analysis of Variance on Achievement Motivation among Qualifying and Non Qualifying teams of Senior State volleyball Championship.

Table 1
Descriptive Statistics

CATEGORY	N	Mean	Std. Deviation
Qualified	48	30.4167	2.76631
Non-Qualified	48	24.8750	3.40603

Table 1 reveals the descriptive statistics as mean and standard deviation of qualified and non-qualified volleyball players of senior state volleyball championship. The mean and standard deviation of qualified player and non-qualified player were 30.4167 ± 2.76631 and 24.8750 ± 3.40603 .

Table 2
Comparison of Sports Achievement Motivation among Qualified and Non-Qualified Volley Ball Players

Variable	Qualifying		Non Qualifying		't' Value
Sports Achievement Motivation	Mean	Standard Deviation	Mean	Standard Deviation	8.750
	30.4167	2.76631	24.8750	3.40603	

* Significant at .05 level.

Table 2 shows that there was a significant difference in the sports achievement motivation between the qualifying and non- qualifying volleyball players. As calculated value was greater than tabulated value at .05 level of significance.

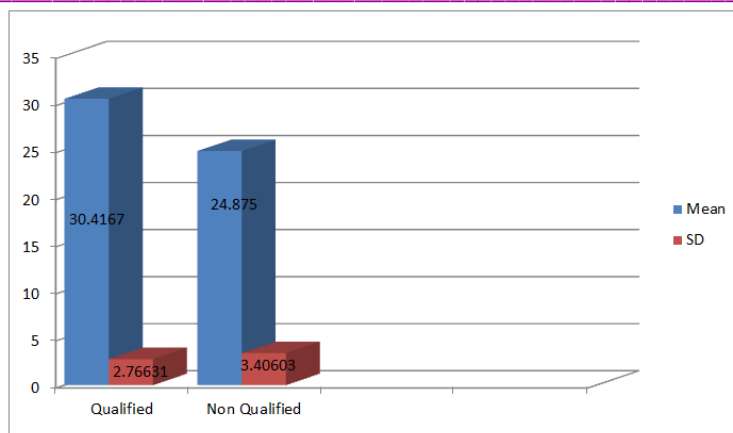


Figure 1: Illustration of sports achievement motivation between qualifying and non qualifying volleyball players of senior state volleyball championship.

It may be observed from the given table 1 that there was a significant difference found between qualifying and non qualifying volleyball players of senior state volleyball championship on sports achievement motivation as the calculated 't' value (8.750) is lower than tabulated 't' value, at 0.05 level of significance.

DISCUSSION OF FINDINGS:

From the result of the study it has been evident that a significant difference was found between the qualifying and non qualifying volleyball players of senior state championship on their level of sports achievement motivation. Qualifying volleyball players had higher achievement motivation in comparison of non-qualifying volleyball players. The results of the present study supported by the study done by Gwari who conducted a study to compare Sports Achievement Motivation of volleyball players. The achievement motivation scale by Kamlesh (1990) was used to assess the differences among the low and high performers. The 't' test was used to analyze data that showed significant relations were found between high/low performers. It means achievement motivation is differ among qualifying and non-qualifying players.

CONCLUSIONS:

Within the limitation of the present study the following conclusion may be drawn. There was a significant relationship between achievement motivation of qualifying and non qualifying volleyball players on their level of sports achievement motivation of senior state championship. The mean of sports achievement motivation of qualified player was greater than non-qualified volleyball players.

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