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ORIGINAL ARTICLE





TO STUDY REFLECTION OF STUDENT TEACHER ON BRAINSTORMING

RAJENDRAKUMAR PATIL

Principal Sinhgad College of Education, Training and Research, Ambegaon, Pune

Abstract:

Brainstorming is creative group work in which group members produce a large number of ideas quickly for subsequent evaluation. It is a strategy to generate ideas. The prime aim of Brainstorming is to stimulate thinking of the student and bring out a great range of ideas. Students are motivated to come up with creative and exciting ideas without fear of criticism and evaluation. Spontaneous reactions and opinions are generated in the session. The study aimed at finding opinions of student teacher on running the Brainstorming sessions.

KEYWORDS:

Brainstorming, Spontaneous reactions

INTRODUCTION:

BRAINSTORMING

Brain Storming is creative group work in which group members produce a large number of ideas quickly for subsequent evaluation. It is a strategy to generate ideas. The prime aim of Brainstorming is to stimulate thinking of the student and bring out a great range of ideas. Students are motivated to come up with creative and exciting ideas without fear of criticism and evaluation. Spontaneous reactions and opinions are generated in the session. The study aimed at finding opinions of student teacher on running the Brainstorming sessions.

RUNNING THE BRAIN STORMING SESSION

There are eight stages for running the Brain Storming session1 Introduction2 Icebreaker3 Define the subject, problem, issue4 Focus on the subject5 Select one focus statement6 Brain Storming (development)7 Drafted suggestions8 Evaluation

The sessions are easily run by dividing the class into two groups. It is necessary to tell the participants the stages. During the introduction emphasis of the trainees should be on participation of everybody. Everyone should take efforts. Remember golden rules;

1.Nobody judges anybody Nobody must evaluate the ideas of anybody.

2.Letting go Participants just let their ideas go 3.Quantity Large number of ideas is expected.

Title:To Study Reflection of Student Teacher on Brainstorming Source:Review of Research [2249-894X] Rajendrakumar Patil yr:2013 vol:2 iss:11

To Study Reflection of Student Teacher on Brainstorming

4.ChangingAnybody can take anybody else's idea change & develop it.5. Sky is the limit.6.Record all ideas.

ADVANTAGES

It is motivational activity
It encourages creative thinking and cooperation
It can be used as a part of problem solving
It doesn't require any special material or equipment
It brings out many ideas opinions and suggestions.

DISADVANTAGES

Classroom situation sometimes become noisy because of students excitement
As the ideas are recorded the flow of ideas becomes slow.
It requires good human resources i.e. chairperson and recorder

STATEMENT OF PROBLEM

To study reflection of student teacher on Brainstorming

OBJECTIVES

To find out the difficulties in adopting Brainstorming strategy
To study the nature of Brainstorming
To compare student teachers teaching conducted by conventional method & Brainstorming

ASSUMPTIONS

Student teachers find easy to adopt conventional method
Variety of new methods & approaches can be adopted to conduct the lessons.
Brainstorming is beneficial to the student teachers.

RESEARCH PROCEDURE

Research Method Survey method was adopted to conduct the research Tools Self made questionnaire was administered to collect the data. The items in the questionnaire were based on the experiences while adopting Brainstorming sessions. Sampling Forty student teachers were selected by purposive sampling method.

ANALYSIS & INTERPRETATION OF DATA

Data collected through questionnaire was analyzed & interpreted. Simple statistical techniques like percentage & mean were used.

FINDINGS

1.Most of the student teachers (77.50%) found conventional method useful to develop teaching competencies though it has some drawbacks.

2.Most of the student teachers (65%) opined that Brainstorming is beneficial for student teachers. 3.Few of the student teachers (30%) opined that there were some difficulties to run Brainstorming sessions. Most of the student teachers (72.5%) stated that Brainstorming was beneficial, easy to conduct the lessons. School students were interested in these lessons.



2

Review Of Research * Volume 2 Issue 11 * Aug 2013

To Study Reflection of Student Teacher on Brainstorming



3

CONCLUSIONS

It is found that the student teachers were satisfied with adopting Brainstorming. The students in schools were interested in the lessons.

RECOMMENDATIONS

1. The experiments like this should be made in teaching to make teaching learning effective.

2.Brainstorming should be run properly.3.Student teachers & school teachers should be made aware to use Brainstorming strategy.

4. Secondary teachers should be made aware of new techniques & methods. It is the responsibility of teacher education institutions to do this.

5. The information of new techniques, methods & approaches should be given to the teachers in inservice training programmes.

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Review Of Research * Volume 2 Issue 11 * Aug 2013