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## **Review Of Research**

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#### **INVESTOR'S ATTITUDE TOWARDS EQUITY** INVESTMENT IN KUMBAKONAM TOWN

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#### **ABSTRACT**

nvestors are the pillars of the stock market. This study focuses the investor's attitude towards various aspects regarding to investment in equity share. This paper identifies the major factors that influence the investors' attitude in the area of equity. This study attempts to answer various unanswered questions like; for what purpose they invest in equity share; which type of risk they are facing; what are the factors influencing to invest in equity share, etc.

**KEYWORDS:** Investors, Equity share, Perception.

#### **INTRODUCTION**

In India, generally all the investment in share market is considered as risky one but now-a-days the trend was changed. Today all the investors expect maximum return for their investments and also equipped to take risk. So they are come forward to invest their money in share market. Share Market is only one investment avenue give higher return



compared to other investment avenues. Now Indian Equity Market is in healthy position and also it is in mounting scenario.

Shares that carry no preferential dividends and in the repayment of capital at the time of liquidation of the company are called equity shares. These shares carry no preferential rights; therefore, these are also known as common stock or ordinary share.

According to sec (2) of the Indian companies Act, "Equity share are those shares which are not preference share".

#### **NEED FOR THE STUDY**

This study highlights the factors influencing the attitude of investors in Equity share. It is essential for a company to identify these factors based upon which the company can attract its investors. The study of this nature is useful for the academicians to know about the recent issues on investment in shares.

#### **OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY**

- + To study the opinion of investors about the level of return on investment in equity.
- + To find the annual investment in Equity Shares made by investors.
- + To analyse the relationship between demographic profile of investors and amount invested in equity.
- To find the factors influencing to invest in equity shares.

#### **LIMITATIONS OF THE STUDY**

- The present study restricted only to Equity Share.
- Due to paucity of time the study

confined to only with 50 respondents in Mayiladuthurai town.

#### **HYPOTHESIS:**

- + There is no association between gender and Expected return on investment
- + There is no association between age and Expected return on investment.
- + There is no association between annual income and Expected return on investment.
- + There is no association between annual income and average amount invested in equity.
- + There is no association between occupation and average amount invested in equity,
- + There is no association between educational qualification and amount invested in equity

#### **ANALYSIS AND DISCUSSION**

Table-1
Demographic Profile of the Investors

Part	ticulars	No of respondents	Percentage (%)		
	Male	40	80		
Gender	Female	10	20		
Genuel	Total	50	100		
	20-30	10	20		
	31-40	24	48		
	41-50	14	28		
Age	>50	2	4		
	Total	50	100		
	< 1,00,000	2	4		
	1,00,001-	4	8		
	3,00,000	7	0		
Annual	3,00,001-	4	8		
Income	5,00,000	т			
	Above	40	80		
	5,00,001				
		50	100		
	Up to HSE	2	4		
<b>Educational</b>	UG	4	8		
Qualification	PG	26	52		
Qualification	Others	18	36		
	Total	50	100		
	Agriculturists	2	4		
	Monthly salaried	6	8		
Occupation	Business	26	52		
	Professional	18	36		
	Total	50	100		

Source: primary data

Table 1 states the demographic background shows 80% of the investors are male and the remaining are female. Among the 50 respondents, 48% of the respondents are in the age group of 31-40 and 28% of investors are in age group of 41-50. Out of 50 sample 80% of investors earned 3,00,001 – 5,00,000 rupees. Likewise 72% of investors are qualified with PG. The majority of investors were doings business they occupied 52% total investors.

Table -2
Association between Gender and Expected Return on Investment

Particulars	Retur	Total						
rarticulars	High	Medium	Low	Total				
Male	10	24	6	40				
Female	4	4	2	5				
Total	14	28	8	50				
Chi-x2 value =2								
d.f=2								
	Signifi	cance =5%						

Source: primary data

Table 2 shows the association between gender and expected return on investment towards the equity share. The above chi-square analysis reveals that the calculated value being 2 smaller than the table value 5.99 @ 5% level of significance with d.f = 2. Therefore the null hypothesis was accepted. Hence there is no association between the gender and expected return on investment.

Table -3
Association between Age and Expected Return on Investment

Iigh	Medium	Low	Total					
		LUW						
4	6	0	10					
6	14	4	24					
2	8	4	14					
0	2	0	2					
12	30	8	50					
Chi-x2 value =2.51								
d.f=6								
ignifi	cance =5%							
	6 2 0 12 ni-x2	6 14 2 8 0 2 12 30 ni-x2 value =2.51 d.f =6	6 14 4 2 8 4 0 2 0 12 30 8 ni-x2 value =2.51 d.f =6 ignificance =5%					

Source: primary data

Table 3 shows the relationship between age and return on investment towards the equity share. The above chi-square analysis portrays that the calculated value be 2.51 is smaller than the table value 12.59 @ 5% level of significance with d.f =6. Therefore the null hypothesis is accepted. Hence there is no association between the age and expected return on investment.

Table -4
Association between Annual Income and Expected Return on Investment

Particulars	Retur	Total							
Farticulars	High	Medium	Low	1 Otai					
Less than 1,00,000	0	2	0	2					
1,00,001-3,00,000	0	2	2	4					
3,00,001-5,00,000	0	4	0	4					
Above5,00,001	12	22	6	40					
Total	12	30	8	50					
Chi	Chi-x2 value =4.35								
d.f=6									
Significance =5%									

Source: primary data

Table 4 shows the association between annual income and return on investment towards the equity share. The above chi-square analysis shows that the calculated value 4.35 is smaller than the table value 12.59 @ 5% level of significance with d.f =6. Therefore the hypothesis is accepted. Hence there is a no association between the age and expected return on investment.

Table -5
Association between Annual Income and Amount Invested in Equity

Particulars		Amount Invested in Equity							
Tatticulais	<20	21-30	31-40	>40	Total				
< 1,00,000	2	0	0	0	2				
1,00,001-3,00,000	0	2	0	2	4				
3,00,001-5,00,000	0	2	2	0	4				
Above5,00,001	0	0	0	40	40				
Total	2	4	2	42	50				
	Chi-x2 value =56.09								
	d.f =9								
	Significance =5%								

Source: primary data

Table 5 shows the association between annual income and return on investment towards the equity share. The above chi-square analysis inferred that the calculated value 56.09 is smaller than the table value 16.91@ 5% level of significance with d.f =9. Therefore the null hypothesis is rejected. Hence there is an association between the annual income and amount invested in equity.

Table -6
Association between Educational Qualification and Amount Invested in Equity

Particulars		Amount l	Total							
r articular s	<20	21-30	31-40	>40	Total					
Up to HSE	0	0	0	2	2					
UG	0	0	0	4	4					
PG	0	2	0	24	26					
Others	2	2	2	12	18					
Total	2	4	2	42	50					
		Chi-x2 value =8.61								
	d.f =9									
	Significance =5%									

Source: primary data

Table 6 shows the association between annual income and return on investment towards the equity share. The above chi-square analysis reveals that the calculated value 8.61 is smaller than the table value 16.91 @ 5% level of significance with d.f =9. Therefore the null hypothesis is accepted. Hence there is no association between the educational qualifications and return on investment.

Table-7
Association between Occupation and Amount Invested in Equity

Particulars		Amount Invested in Equity							
r articular s	<20	21-30	31-40	>40	Total				
Agriculturists	0	0	0	2	2				
Monthly salaried	2	0	0	6	8				
Business	0	4	2	30	36				
Professional	0	0	0	4	4				
Total	2	4	2	42	50				
	Chi-x2 value =4.39								
	d.f =9								
	Significance =5%								

Source: Primary data

Table 7 shows the association between occupation and return on investment towards the equity share. The above chi-square analysis reveals that the calculated value 8.61 is smaller than the table value 16.91 @ 5% level of significance with d.f =9. Therefore the null hypothesis is accepted. Hence there is no association between the occupation and return on investment.

Table - 8
Factors influencing to invest in Equity share

S.No	Factors	RANK								TOTAL	MEAN	RANK
5.110		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IOIAL	WIEAN	KANK
1	Brokers	20	10	-	-	5	5	-	10	50	34	I
	Drokers	(160)	(70)			(20)	(15)		(10)	(275)		
2	Friends and	5	10	10	5	5	5	10	-	50	31	III
2	Relatives	(40)	(70)	(60)	(25)	(20)	(15)	(20)		(250)		
3	Advertisement	-	5	10	10	10	6	5	4	50	27	IV
3	Auvertischient		(35)	(60)	(50)	(40)	(18)	(10)	(4)	(217)		
4	Return on	5	10	10	10	10	-	5	-	50	33	II
4	Investment	(40)	(70)	(60)	(50)	(40)		(10)		(270)		
5	5 <b>Dividend Policy</b>	5	-	10	5	-	10	10	10	50	23	VIII
3		(40)		(60)	(25)		(30)	(20)	(10)	(185)		
	Growth	5	5	-	10	10	14	-	6	50	26	V
6	prospectus of	(40)	(35)		(50)	(40)	(42)		(6)	(213)		
	the Company											
7	Liquidity of	5	5	-	5	10	5	10	10	50	24	VII
,	shares	(40)	(35)		(25)	(40)	(25)	(20)	(10)	(195)		
	Expected	5	5	10	5	-	5	10	10	50	25	VI
8	earnings of the	(40)	(35)	(60)	(25)		(15)	(20)	(10)	(205)		
	company											
T0TAL		50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50			

Source: Primary data

The above table provides the complete information about the factors influencing to invest in Equity share. There are various factors influencing it among those Brokers occupies the First Rank, because Brokers and Broking firms play a vital role in investment in Share Market. Return of Investment ranked II, Friends and Relatives ranked III, Advertisement ranked IV, Growth and Prospectus ranked V, Expected Earning ranked VI, Liquidity of Shares ranked VII, and finally Dividend Policy stands last rank.

#### **FINDINGS**

#### The major findings of the study are as follows

- + The maximum number (48%) of investors who are investing in equity shares coming under the age group of 31–40.
- + It was found that 72% of investor's educational qualification was PG. It was inferred that 52% of respondents were doing business.
- + It was found that the investors who are investing in equity share only for high return.
- + It was inferred that majority of investors invest more than Rs. 40,000 in Equity share and they expects medium return.
- + It was found that all the investors were doing online trading and the majority of investors investing in Retail Company.
- + It was found that there was no association between Age, Gender, and Expected Return on Investment.
- + It was found that there was no association between Annual Income and Return on Investment.
- + It was found that there was an association between Annual Income and Average Amount Invested in Equity.
- + It was found that the Broker occupies the first rank in the study area.

#### **SUGGESTIONS:**

From the above survey, many of the female investors have the fear of loss of investment they need knowledge and awareness about their investment in stock market. So each and every broking firms has conduct awareness programs frequently. Advertisement plays an important role in creating awareness on investment in share market so more weightage may be given for advertisement for increase the investment decisions of investors in share market.

#### **CONCLUSION:**

This study helps to know the current investment trend in share market especially in Equity Market. It was clearly seen from this study most of the investors habitually invest in share market but they expect medium return. All the investors have adequate knowledge about their investment in share market but they don't watch fluctuation in the price of shares. This is the only reason to them to choose less risky and more profitable instruments. The investor should track the market environment with sound knowledge about an equity would result in better return.

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