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NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL POLICY 2020- OPPORTUNITIES AND CHALLENGES IN TEACHER EDUCATION

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ABSTRACT:

NEP 2020 advances the idea of dividing instructors between schools and scholarly foundations to assist manage issues like the lack of educators. It happens generally for profiles like expressions, makes, music, dance, conventional courses, and so on. Educators will be given more independence in picking parts of instructional method, with the goal that they might show in the way they see as best for the understudies in their study halls. Instructors will likewise zero in on socio-profound learning - a basic part of any understudy 's comprehensive turn of events. NEP 2020 perceives



that educators will require preparing in great substance as well as teaching method. By 2030, educator training will slowly be moved into multidisciplinary schools and colleges. Educators should have their disciplinary as well as expert affiliations, which NEP additionally wants to lay out. Indian instructors have not had the option to frame lively affiliations. The educators and the school chiefs should become assessment pioneers also and placed forward their perspectives on what ought to change in tutoring The NEP 2020 establishes various changes in India's schooling strategy. The Public Approach on Training, 1986 and the Program of Activity, 1992 visualized free and obligatory instruction of acceptable quality to all kids under 14 years.

KEYWORDS: Education Policy, Challenges, Opportunities, Teacher Education.

INTRODUCTION:

The Indian government has reported that it will carry out another training strategy in 2020. The point of this arrangement is to work on the nature of training and make it more available to all youngsters. The new arrangement will present estimates, for example, expanding the quantity of educators preparing establishments, giving motivators to educators who will work in country regions, empowering private interest in schooling and presenting new educational programs at various levels. The Public authority of India has declared another Public Schooling Strategy (NEP) 2020, which will supplant the current NEP 1986. The new arrangement is supposed to be receptive to the requirements and yearnings of kids, youth and grown-ups to meet their advancement objectives by 2020. The strategy targets giving all encompassing schooling that empowers all kids, youth and grown-ups to gain information, abilities and values required for deep rooted advancing as well as useful work. It likewise lays accentuation on education and numeracy abilities improvement alongside advancement of computerized proficiency through suitable instructional method. The year 2020 is a critical achievement for the training area in India.

Enabling instructors with new apparatuses, advancements and instructional methods is perhaps of the main test that we face today. Educator schooling has forever been at the center of any fruitful government's approach to work on quality instruction. It should be refreshed consistently to address the issues of a quickly evolving society. the new schooling strategy 2020 assume an essential part in such manner. It will be a step in the right direction towards making a decent educator school system that can create quality educators who are exceptional to confront the difficulties of the 21st hundred years. It will gives great chances to foster India's school system. It is vital that the strategy tends to all parts of instruction, including instructor preparing and enrollment, foundation, educational plan and appraisal. job in reinforcing the school system of India. The new approach will zero in on educators, understudies and guardians as everybody must be engaged with the most common way of learning. It will assist with fostering an exceptionally gifted labor force and planning understudies for long lasting learning. While the demonstration has guaranteed instruction to all, the overarching difficulties of the schooling system remained in this way preventing the development of India school system to the worldwide level. The new training strategy by the Public authority of India is the first in quite a while supplanting the Public Arrangement of Schooling of 1986.

Objectives of the study

The Schooling strategy of 2020 has set the intends to accomplish a youngster well disposed, comprehensive and fair schooling system by 2020. It is additionally pointed toward working on the nature of training by improving access, value and quality. The review will zero in on recognizing difficulties that the training area faces and investigating potential open doors for educator schooling in India. The fundamental goals of the review are given underneath

- 1. To investigate and recognize the difficulties looked by educator schooling concerning New Instruction Strategy 2020
- 2. To comprehend the open doors that lie in front of educator training in India.

Literature Review

The new training strategy is supposed to be delivered in 2020 by the public authority of India. This strategy won't just get changes the schooling system yet in addition present various difficulties and valuable open doors for educator training. The new strategy will zero in on further developing learning results, reinforcing responsibility, giving quality foundation and upgrading employability open doors for understudies It will likewise zero in on making educator schooling more studentcentered, working on nature of training and lessening the dropout rate. The strategy will intend to give a superior gaining climate to youngsters from hindered foundations The strategy will likewise zero in on giving admittance to quality schooling to minimized networks and guaranteeing fair circulation of assets the nation over. The strategy plans to work on the general nature of instruction in India by zeroing in on further developing educator preparing, study hall rehearses, school foundation and learning results The public authority means to make training open to all youngsters by 2022 and guarantee that no kid is abandoned. The new instruction strategy will likewise zero in on various different issues, including upgrading employability open doors for understudies and further developing learning results through better study hall practices The second test is guaranteeing that schools are ready and have sufficient assets to execute these changes. The third test is to guarantee that kids are ready for the new educational program and appraisal framework. At long last, there is a need to screen progress towards the objective of universalising instruction by 2020. The new Training Strategy 2020 is guaranteeing that the approach changes are executed in a way that upholds value, especially for kids from hindered gatherings. It's additionally guaranteeing that all partners have sufficient data about the progressions and what they will mean for their lives (Ramakrishna et al., 2022a). The new Schooling Strategy 2020 will help in observing and assessing progress towards accomplishing the objectives of the new vision for training in 2020. It will guarantee that the progressions are carried out across all states. This will require coordination between the focal government, state legislatures and nearby bodies.

NEP 2020 Opportunities for Schools - Impact on Modern Schools

1. Ensure that every child has access to the formal schooling system

The NEP expects to give each youngster from ages 3 to 18 admittance to training through one or the other public or confidential tutoring choices. Subsequently, NEP 2020 gives a chance to schools to decrease the quantity of understudies from socio-financially hindered gatherings to nonconformist. The strategy states to set up a custom curriculum Zones, expanded admittance to Open and Distance Learning (ODL), Orientation Consideration Asset to guarantee a decrease in dropouts and an expanded number of choices for understudies from Socially and Monetarily Burdened Gatherings (SEDGs).

2. More holistic, competency-driven learning

The strategy centers around guaranteeing understudies 'figure out how to learn' and advocates a movement based, experiential learning philosophy, with a solid accentuation on decision for understudies in the schools. NEP has presented an adjustment of educational program and teaching method to guarantee understudies foster exceptional mental abilities, numerical and computational reasoning, 21st-century abilities, and decisive reasoning abilities, among others. These abilities will bring about a future-prepared labor force with the capability to meet the changing necessities expected for future positions.

3. Assessments as a means, not the end

One of the most basic NEP 2020 potential open doors for schools is to change from yearly assessments to an arrangement of developmental evaluations to support the educating growing experience. Understudies show mastery in more ways than one: a low-stakes board test in tenth grade and numerous evaluations all through the year zeroing in on exhibiting figuring out how to lessen the anxiety toward assessments and permit understudies to show what they have procured as well as could be expected.

4. Resource efficient, open and accountable education system

One more critical NEP 2020 chance for schools is to support schools into bunches or edifices to build the general use of school foundation, further develop joint effort among schools and regress independence for schools. NEP 2020 has additionally acquainted various ways with present consistency across schools.

New Education Policy 2020: Challenges for Teacher Education

In December 2018, the Association Bureau supported the New Schooling Strategy (NEP), 2020. The approach expects to make a comprehensive, straightforward and responsible schooling system in India. It centers around youngster centricity through comprehensive improvement of understudies from pre-essential to advanced education levels. New Training Strategy 2020: Provokes for Educator Schooling To satisfy the desires of the country, instruction is quite possibly of the main region that should be given need. The strategy has been outlined so as to work on nature of training and guarantee educator schooling. The public authority has clarified that they need to fundamentally impact how instructors are taught and prepared. They've likewise said that they need to roll out this improvement in time for the 2020 schooling changes. This is all in all a test, particularly when you consider how long has been spent fostering the old arrangement of educator preparing. Nonetheless, the public authority has clarified that they need to raining changes. This is all in all a test, particularly when you consider how long has been spent fostering the old arrangement in time for the 2020 training changes. This is all in all a test, particularly end that they need to roll out this improvement in time for the 2020 training changes. This is all in all a test, particularly when you consider how long has been spent fostering the old arrangement of educator preparing. The public authority has defined itself an aggressive objective of further developing quality in educator training.

 The educational program should be reexamined and refreshed. This can be an extended interaction, particularly taking into account that it has not been refreshed since the 1990s. -Educators should be thoroughly prepared in the subjects they instruct.

- They should have the option to comprehend how understudies learn best and what methodologies can be utilized to guarantee that learning occurs.
- The public authority has put forth itself an aggressive objective of further developing quality in educator training. They need to ensure that all educators are welltrained and proficient about the subjects they instruct. This implies that instructors need to have a profound comprehension of the substance they educate, as well as how understudies learn best.
- India's school system centers predominantly around helping understudies to breeze through tests instead of fostering their capacity to fundamentally think.
- There is an absence of foundation in many schools. Many schools need more homerooms, work areas, or latrines for understudies. This implies that numerous understudies need to learn in lessthan-ideal circumstances.
- There is an absence of responsibility in India. Educators who don't perform well are seldom terminated, and understudies are frequently not considered liable for their own way of behaving or scholastic execution.
- There isn't much of information accessible on how well understudies are learning in India. This makes it challenging to evaluate whether the schooling system is viable and what regions need improvement.
- India's schooling system is tormented by defilement, which makes it challenging for understudies from lower financial classes to get sufficient training.

New Education Policy 2020: Opportunity for Teacher Education

The New Training Strategy 2020 (NEP 2020), which was endorsed by the Association Bureau in April 2018, is an aggressive change plan that looks to provide new guidance and stimulus to the country's schooling system. It expects to change it into one that is more applicable, open, economical and evenhanded. To accomplish these targets, the NEP 2020 suggests a multipronged approach including both inventory side changes like instructor training and demandside intercessions like setting as high as possible quality schools. The new Schooling Strategy 2020 is an extraordinary chance for educator training to reevaluate its job in the schooling biological system. Over the most recent couple of years, India has been seeing a significant change in its schooling system. This has been driven by a few factors like expanded admittance to instruction for all, nature of instructors and learning results. The New Schooling Strategy (NEP) 2020 is the most aggressive approach change in India's set of experiences. It means to change the country into a universally cutthroat information economy by working on nature of schooling. The NEP covers all phases of instruction from pre-school to postgraduate projects. The new Training Strategy 2020 is a welcome positive development, and it ought to be viewed as a chance for educator instruction. The strategy report obviously explains that educator schooling should be reinforced, and it requires a more grounded research base in the field of instructor training.

The Public Instruction Strategy 2020 plans to change training and putting the student at the middle. NEP 2020 offers numerous valuable open doors for schools and is a critical stage toward moving India's schooling system in the correct bearing. NEP 2020 valuable open doors for schools give all encompassing understudy advancement by guaranteeing access, significance, quality, value serious areas of strength for and learning. The new arrangement has different focal points for Indian schools.

On the eleventh of June 2014 Narendra Modi delivered his most memorable discourse in the Parliament as the State head. He had represented somewhat over an hour and during his discourse he represented almost seven minutes on training. That vision of the PM has worked out through the Public Schooling Strategy 2020 (NEP). Mr. Modi had clarified that schooling will have the less favored youngsters as its main goal and the educators would be the all important focal point. He additionally clarified that innovation would be sharpened to connect with the until recently unreached. The NEP 2020 satisfies his vision of 21st Century schooling in India.

During 2015 to 2019 a ton of accentuation was given on the utilization of innovation in training and at the core was the educator. The Public authority of India laid out its own enormous open webbased stage by the name of SWAYAM and furthermore sent off its bundle of 32 instructive TV slots by the name of Swayam Prabha. Any educator from anyplace can plan his/her own course and put it on the SWAYAM, and students from anyplace in the nation or abroad can take the course. This drive was a forerunner of the Pandemic which hit the world in 2020. Geological limits have been eliminated and the instructor has the opportunity to turn into a worldwide educator. From one viewpoint it carried an incredible open door to the instructors yet it likewise has brought extraordinary test. The opposition for instructors has expanded complex. The opposition is no more with the educators in the school or the town yet from any or all educators of the world. Presently every educator has the potential chance to instruct to a genuinely worldwide homeroom yet the test is to be all that generally the understudy can exit whenever. The chance to perform and be perceived is limitless yet the opposition is likewise similarly limitless.

CONCLUSION

A magnificent instructive establishment causes each understudy to feel invited and really focused on, where an invigorating and safe learning climate exists, where an assortment of growth opportunities are granted, and where great actual framework and reasonable assets helpful for learning are accessible to all understudies. Consequently, transform your school into a LEAD-fueled school to enjoy the benefit of the NEP 2020 potential open doors for schools in India. The new Training Strategy 2020 is a welcome positive development, and it ought to be viewed as a chance for educator training. The strategy report obviously verbalizes that educator training should be reinforced and requires a more grounded research base in the field of educator schooling. The new schooling strategy is a significant stage towards working on the nature of training in India. It should be viewed as a chance for instructor schooling ought to zero in on building major areas of strength for a base and furthermore guarantee that it addresses the issues of various partners, including understudies, educators and guardians. The strategy report obviously verbalizes that educator training should be reinforced and requires a more grounded research base in the field of instructor schooling. The new training should be reinforced and requires a more grounded research base in the field of instructor schooling. The new training should be reinforced and requires a more grounded research base in the field of instructor schooling. The new training should be reinforced and requires a more grounded research base in the field of instructor schooling. The new training should be viewed as a chance for educator instruction.

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