Vol 4 Issue 2 Nov 2014

# Monthly Multidisciplinary Research Journal

# Review Of Research Journal

### **Chief Editors**

**Ashok Yakkaldevi** 

A R Burla College, India

Flávio de São Pedro Filho

Federal University of Rondonia, Brazil

ISSN No: 2249-894X

Ecaterina Patrascu

Spiru Haret University, Bucharest

Kamani Perera

Regional Centre For Strategic Studies, Sri Lanka

#### Welcome to Review Of Research

#### RNI MAHMUL/2011/38595

ISSN No.2249-894X

Pei-Shan Kao Andrea

University of Essex, United Kingdom

More.....

Review Of Research Journal is a multidisciplinary research journal, published monthly in English, Hindi & Marathi Language. All research papers submitted to the journal will be double - blind peer reviewed referred by members of the editorial Board readers will include investigator in universities, research institutes government and industry with research interest in the general subjects.

#### **Advisory Board**

Flávio de São Pedro Filho Delia Serbescu Mabel Miao

Federal University of Rondonia, Brazil Spiru Haret University, Bucharest, Romania Center for China and Globalization, China

Kamani Perera Xiaohua Yang Ruth Wolf

Regional Centre For Strategic Studies, Sri University of San Francisco, San Francisco University Walla, Israel

Lanka

Karina Xavier Jie Hao
Ecaterina Patrascu Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT), University of Sydney, Australia

Spiru Haret University, Bucharest USA

Fabricio Moraes de AlmeidaFederal May Hongmei Gao
University of Rondonia Brazil

University of Rondonia, Brazil Kennesaw State University, USA

Anna Maria Constantinovici Marc Fetscherin Loredana Bosca
AL. I. Cuza University, Romania Rollins College, USA Spiru Haret University, Romania

Romona Mihaila Liu Chen

Spiru Haret University, Romania Beijing Foreign Studies University, China Ilie Pintea

Spiru Haret University, Romania

Mahdi Moharrampour Nimita Khanna Govind P. Shinde

Islamic Azad University buinzahra
Branch, Qazvin, Iran

Director, Isara Institute of Management, New Bharati Vidyapeeth School of Distance Education Center, Navi Mumbai

Titus Pop Salve R. N. Sonal Singh PhD, Partium Christian University, Department of Sociology, Shivaji University, Vikram University, Ujjain

PhD, Partium Christian University,
Oradea,
Romania

Department of Sociology, Shivaji University, Vikrain University, Ujjan
Kolhapur

Jayashree Patil-Dake

P. Malyadri
J. K. VIJAYAKUMAR
Government Degree College, Tandur, A.P.
King Abdullah University of Science &

P. Malyadri
Government Degree College, Tandur, A.P.
Commerce and Arts Post Graduate Centre
(BCCAPGC),Kachiguda, Hyderabad

Technology, Saudi Arabia.

S. D. Sindkhedkar
PSGVP Mandal's Arts, Science and
George - Calin SERITAN

S. D. Sindkhedkar
PSGVP Mandal's Arts, Science and
Maj. Dr. S. Bakhtiar Choudhary
Director, Hyderabad AP India.

George - Calin SERITAN Commerce College, Shahada [ M.S. ] Director, Hyderabad AP India.

Postdoctoral Researcher
Faculty of Philosophy and Socio-Political Anurag Misra
AR. SARAVANAKUMARALAGAPPA

Sciences DBS College, Kanpur UNIVERSITY, KARAIKUDI,TN

Al. I. Cuza University, Iasi

C. D. Balaji

REZA KAFIPOUR

C. D. Balaji

Panimalar Engineering College, Chennai

Dean, Panimalar Engineering College

Shiraz University of Medical Sciences
Shiraz, Iran
Bhavana vivek patole
PhD, Elphinstone college mumbai-32
Ph.D, Annamalai University

Rajendra Shendge

PhD, Elphinstone college mumbai-32

Ph.D, Annamalai University

Director, B.C.U.D. Solapur University,
Solapur

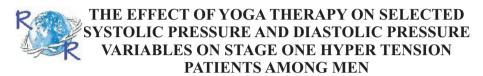
Awadhesh Kumar Shirotriya
Secretary, Play India Play (Trust), Meerut
(U.P.)

Kanwar Dinesh Singh
Dept.English, Government Postgraduate
College, solan

Address:-Ashok Yakkaldevi 258/34, Raviwar Peth, Solapur - 413 005 Maharashtra, India Cell: 9595 359 435, Ph No: 02172372010 Email: ayisrj@yahoo.in Website: www.ror.isrj.org

Review Of Research ISSN:-2249-894X Impact Factor: 2.1002 (UIF) Vol. 4 | Issue. 2 | Nov. 2014 Available online at www.ror.isrj.org





#### R. Sendhil

Director Of Physical Education, Perunthalaivar Kamarajar Arts College, Puducherry.

#### Abstract:-

The purpose of the study is to find out the Effect of yoga therapy on selected Systolic Pressure and Diastolic pressure variables on stage one hyper tension Patients among men. Forty male subjects were selected randomly only hyper tension Patients among men at Indira Gandhi Medical College & Research Institute Hospital in Pondicherry. The subject's age ranged from 40 to 45 years of respectively. The selected subjects were divided into two equal groups of 20 subjects each. Experimental group (Group I) Yoga therapy and Control group (Group II). Pre-test was conducted for the two groups on selected Systolic Pressure and Diastolic pressure variables. The experimental group underwent Yoga therapy practices for 6 weeks, per week for the duration of the training was given for 5 days per week 45 minutes every day. The control group did not undergo any training program. After 6 weeks of training period the post test was conducted for all the two groups. The data was analyzed by applying Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) Technique to find out the effect of yoga therapy on selected physiological variables on stage one hyper tension patients among men. Then, the obtained 'f' ratio is tested at 0.05 level of significant.

**Keywords:** Yoga Therapy, Systolic Pressure, Diastolic Pressure and Hyper Tension.

#### INTRODUCTION

#### YOGATHERAPHY

Yoga therapy is of modern coinage and represents a first effort to integrate traditional yogic concepts and techniques with western medical and psychological knowledge whereas traditional yoga is primarily concerned with personal transcendence on the part of a "normal" or healthy individual, yoga therapy aims at the holistic treatment of various kinds of psychological or somatic dysfunctions ranging from back problems to emotional distress. Both approaches, however, share an understanding of the human being as an integrated body-mind system, which can function optimally only when there is a state of dynamic balance. The root of the most of the diseases is in mind, as by recent calculation around 75-80 percent of the diseases originated from the mind, they all called the psychosomatic diseases. The best way of treating and preventing such diseases is Yoga. Treating the diseases through yoga is called as yoga therapy. Present day yoga therapy is becoming one of the main healing methodologies. It's found and proved very effective tool in many physiological and physical

Title: "THE EFFECT OF YOGA THERAPY ON SELECTED SYSTOLIC PRESSURE AND DIASTOLIC PRESSURE VARIABLES ON STAGE ONE HYPER TENSION PATIENTS AMONG MEN", Source: Review of Research [2249-894X]R. Sendhilyr:2014|vol:4|iss:2

1

disorders.

#### **METHODOLOGY**

The purpose of the study is to find out the Effect of yoga therapy on selected Systolic Pressure and Diastolic pressure variables on stage one Hyper tension Patients among men. Forty male subjects were selected randomly only hyper tension Patients among men at Indira Gandhi Medical College & Research Institute Hospital in Pondicherry. The subject's age ranged from 40 to 45 years of respectively. The selected subjects were divided into two equal groups of 20 subjects each. Experimental group (Group I) Yoga therapy and Control group (Group II). Pre-test was conducted for the two groups on selected Systolic Pressure and Diastolic pressure variables. The experimental group underwent Yoga therapy practices for 6 weeks, per week for the duration of the training was given for 5 days per week 45 minutes every day. The control group did not undergo any training program. After 6 weeks of training period the post test was conducted for all the two groups. The data was analyzed by applying Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) Technique to find out the effect of yoga therapy on selected physiological variables on stage one hyper tension patients among men. Then, the obtained 'f' ratio is tested at 0.05 level of significant.

TABLE – I ANALYSIS OF CO VARIANCE FOR PRE AND POST TEST DATA ON SYSTOLIC PRESSURE AND DIASTOLIC PRESSURE OF EXPERIMENTAL GROUP AND CONTROL GROUP

	Experimental Group	Control Group	SOV	Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	'F'ratio
Pre-test Mean	146.45	146.10	В	1.22	1	1.22	0.063
			W	734.75	38	19.33	
Post-test Mean	134.45	151.30	В	839.22	1	2839.22	175.38*
			W	615.15	38	16.18	
	138.45	148.30	В	2907.94	1	2907.94	323.15*
Adjusted Mean			W	332.95	37	8.99	
		DIAST	OLIC PRE	SSURE		•	
Pre-test Mean	92.80	93.35	В	3.02	1	3.02	0.52
			W	223.75	38	5.88	
Post-test	90.20	93.40	В	102.40	1	102.40	20.92*
Mean			W	186.00	38	4.89	
Adjusted	91.50	93.38	В	81.86	1	81.86	27.42*
Mean			W	110.46	37	2.98	

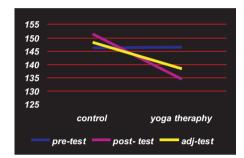
<sup>\*</sup>Significant at 0.05 level. The table value for significance at 0.05 level with 1 & 38 and 1 & 37 degrees of freedom are = 4.41 and 4.45 respectively.

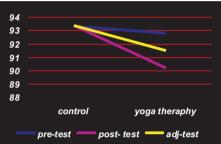
Table -I shows that the pre test means on Systolic Pressure and Diastolic pressure of the Yoga therapy and the control group was 146.45 + 92.80 and 146.10 + 93.35 respectively. The obtained 'F' ratio value 0.063 + 0.52 for the pre test scores of Yoga therapy and control group on Systolic Pressure and Diastolic pressure is lesser than the required table value 4.41 for significance at 0.05 levels. Hence, it is not significant and it revealed that there is no significant difference between the Yoga therapy and the control group on Systolic Pressure and Diastolic pressure before the commencement of experimental group. It is inferred that the random selection of the subjects for the two groups are successful.

The post test means on Systolic Pressure and Diastolic pressure of the Yoga therapy and the control group was 134.45 + 90.20 and 151.30 + 93.40 respectively. The obtained 'F' ratio value 175.38 + 20.92 for the post test score is greater than the required table value 4.41 for 1 & 38 degrees of freedom at 0.05 level of significant. It shows that there is a significant difference between the

yogic practices and the control group on Systolic Pressure and Diastolic pressure.

The adjusted post test mean on the Systolic Pressure and Diastolic pressure of the Yoga therapy and control groups are 138.45 + 91.50 and 148.30 + 93.38 respectively. The obtained 'F' ratio value of 323.150 + 27.42 for the adjusted post test data is greater than the required table value 4.45 for 1 & 37 degrees of freedom at 0.05 level of significant. It shows that there is a significant change on the Systolic Pressure and Diastolic pressure as a result of the Yoga therapy practice of the stage one hyper tension patients among men. Since the result has revealed that there is significant difference between control group and Yoga therapy group.fig-1&2.





SYSTOLIC PRESSURE Figure-1

DIASTOLIC PRESSURE Figure-2

#### **DISCUSSION**

After the collection of data, appropriate statistical analysis has been done in order to present the discussion of findings. The results of the study showed that there was significant improvement on physiological variables such as Systolic Pressure and Diastolic pressure due to the influence on Yoga therapy practice of the stage one hyper tension patients among men. The finding is in conformity with the results of Harinath.K.(2004), McCaffrey R.(2005) and Pramanik T.(2009).

#### CONCLUSIONS

Yoga therapy practice group decreasing Systolic and Diastolic blood pressure when compare to control group of stage one hyper tension patients among men.

#### REFERENCES

1.Debbie L. Cohen, LeAnne T. Bloedon, Rand L. Rothman, John T. Farrar, Mary Lou Galantino, Sheri Volger, Christine Mayor, et al. (2011). "Iyengar Yoga versus Enhanced Usual Care on Blood Pressure in Patients with Prehypertension to Stage I Hypertension: a Randomized Controlled Trial". Evidence-Based Complementary and Alternative Medicine. doi:10.1093/ecam/nep130

2.Harinath.K.,etal., "Effects of Hatha Yoga and Omkar Meditation on Cardiorespiratory Performance, Psychologic Profile, and Melatonin Secretion" The journal of alternative and complementary medicine 2004 Apr;10(2):261-8.

3.McCaffrey R., "The Effects of Yoga on Hypertensive Persons in Thailand" Holistic Nursing Practice 19(4), (July-August 2005).

4.McCaffrey. (2005). "The Effects of Yoga on Hypertensive Persons in Thailand". Holist Nurs Pract. doi:10.1097/00004650-200507000-00009

5.Monika Mourya, Aarti Sood Mahajan, Narinder Pal Singh, and Ajay K Jain. (2009). "Effect Of Slow- And Fast-Breathing Exercises On Autonomic Functions In Patients With Essential Hypertension". Journal of alternative and complementary medicine (New York, N.Y.). doi:10.1089/acm.2008.0609

6.Pramanik T., "Immediate Effect Of Slow Pace Bhastrika Pranayama On Blood Pressure And Heart Rate." Journal of Alternative and Complementary Medicine 15(3), (March 2009).

7. Selvamurthy.etal., "A New Physiological Approach to Control Essential Hypertension. Indian

#### THE EFFECT OF YOGA THERAPY ON SELECTED SYSTOLIC PRESSURE AND DIASTOLIC PRESSURE .......

journal of physiology and pharmacology. 1998 Apr; 42(2):205-13.

8. Wolff M, Sundquist K, Larsson Lönn S, and Midlöv P. "Impact Of Yoga On Blood Pressure And Quality Of Life In Patients With Hypertension - A Controlled Trial In Primary Care, Matched For Systolic Blood Pressure". Biomed Central Cardiovascular Disorders, 2013 Dec 7;13:111.



**R. Sendhil**Director Of Physical Education , Perunthalaivar Kamarajar Arts College, Puducherry.

# Publish Research Article International Level Multidisciplinary Research Journal For All Subjects

Dear Sir/Mam,

We invite unpublished Research Paper, Summary of Research Project, Theses, Books and Books Review for publication, you will be pleased to know that our journals are

### Associated and Indexed, India

- ★ Directory Of Research Journal Indexing
- \* International Scientific Journal Consortium Scientific
- \* OPEN J-GATE

## Associated and Indexed, USA

- DOAJ
- EBSCO
- Crossref DOI
- Index Copernicus
- Publication Index
- Academic Journal Database
- Contemporary Research Index
- Academic Paper Databse
- Digital Journals Database
- Current Index to Scholarly Journals
- Elite Scientific Journal Archive
- Directory Of Academic Resources
- Scholar Journal Index
- Recent Science Index
- Scientific Resources Database

Review Of Research Journal 258/34 Raviwar Peth Solapur-413005, Maharashtra Contact-9595359435 E-Mail-ayisrj@yahoo.in/ayisrj2011@gmail.com Website: www.ror.isrj.org