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JEVENILE DELINQUENCY: BURNING PROBLEM OF INDIA

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ABSTRACT:

" If every saint has a past, then every criminal has a future"..Mahtma Gandhi

So it becomes very important in the case of child offender that special care should be given in budding state because it not beyond repair. Juvenile delinquency, also known as juvenile offending is participation in illegal behaviour by minors. Juvenile delinquency is a criminal activity possessed by the child (below 16 years for boys and 18 years for girls) which violets the law. Juvenile crime is increasing at the rapid rate in many countries. Crime rate is high in urban society when compared rural society. Children are considered to be the gift of god. They are the future of the country. It is the duty of the state to provide equal opportunity to the children for development while they are growing. Most of the crime is carried out by the teenagers due to the lack of knowledge and discipline. In recent time Juvenile are found to involved in the crime black robbery, gang rape, murder, etc.

KEYWORDS: illegal behaviour, criminal activity.

INTRODUCTION:-

Legally journalist defined as a children who have an attend a certain age at which he can be punished for his crime.

Juvenile delinquency can be divided into three categories

- 1. Crime committed by Juvenile are deal by zonal court.
- 2. Crime deal by criminal justice system
- 3. Status offences

Remand house are there for the Juvenile prisoners to separate them from other Prisoners. If the Juvenile is kept with other prisoners then he might experience sexual harassment by the prisoners and sometimes even by Jail officers. Parents are so busy working that they don't have time for this child. Teenage is the time when one of the most vulnerable to stray. This is the main reason for Juvenile crime. There is decrease emphasize on moral values, children are instead focusing on themselves. According to the national crime record bureau 29, 49,400 cases were registered against Juvenile under IPC crime in 2015.

Causes

According to Healy and Bronner, the causes of Juvenile delinquency are

- 1. Bad company
- 2. Adolescent instability
- 3. Early sex experience
- 4. Mental conflict
- 5. Extreme social suggestibility, etc.

Most of the show on television and majority of movies contain sex, darkness, violence initiate the Juvenile crime.

There are many reasons that may lead to a juvenile crime.

Family - it is the basic socialist agency for children. They learn the basic of good and bad from here. Most important role here id of parents and siblings. Broken families, single parents, frequent parent fighter, lack of trust in parents or criminal parents may be a reason behind it.

It may also be due to economic problem the family. Juveniles just want to improve just status psychological problems in a family can also be a risking factor. Mental illness of sibling or parent can also make the child aggressive and frustrated.

Problems such as discrimination on basis of gender age or race or child labour cam also lead to the cause. The lack of proper moral values and bad parenting style may also be a factor.

Personal Reasons - Sometimes neither parents nor teachers have anything to do with it. The problems faced by a teenager may lead him to do crime. Also the hormonal changes taking place during the puberty may change the personality of a teen. Teenagers also face a lot of social problems which affect their mindset.

Mental disability - May also be a cause. Today's drugs has widespread in teenage. Teen may commit violent crimes under effect of drugs. Also their own physical disability may develop a complex which could come out as a crime.

Peer Group Influence - They have very strong effect on teenager. When friends commit crime, adolescents often learn to do it and they cannot understand the consequences of crime. Lack of a few facilities from Friends may also create a jealousy among them.

Parents must ensure that the friends their children live with are from good families and they are not involved in any bad habits. Also, rejection by peer groups may also be a big reason.

Society - It is sometimes very hard for the youth to get out of the negative influence of the society. Bad environment around teenagers may propel them to do crimes. The society around them have great influence on the mind of youth.

EFFECTS-

Generally the ones who affected by juvenile delinquency are the victims. Victims always suffers loss weather the crime involved theft vandalism or violence. The victims may suffer loss in the form of health, wealth or in other ways. Effects on juvenile delinquency. The Juvenile is sometimes unable to predict whether he or the loss of freedom status is one of the major cause the Juvenile may lose ground occasionally as well. Although Placement in residential attention centres for juveniles, there may be appropriate consequences for the adolescence Criminal actions it also puts him or her with other delinquents.

The one who is suffering from Juvenile delinquency not only suffer him but his relatives also suffer equally. Not only the family has to fulfil the need of the child, they have to spend a large amount of money to pay to lawyer.

Family itself may be able to cope up with the situation. But once they spotted by any individual without any notification, it may cause a huge problem. Whether they are involved or not and a lot of money had to be spent to be paid to court lawyers.

There is a correlation between Juvenile delinquency and drug use, gang involvement, alcohol abuse, and sexual behaviour. These effects cover a dark black image on the community which ministry the self respect or image of an individual or even whole family.

Young people who commit serious crime before they goes 18 years old challenge the future for everyone involved. They may think that there is no future outside the circle of the crime and they may continue to crime for lifetime. The CR and strict actions are to be needed to strictly prohibit this. It is a very serious problem that challenges the efforts of the government agencies.

PREVENTION

To stop or minimize Juvenile delinquency efforts have been taken since a long time. The following are some preventive measures to prevent Juvenile crimes, such as programmes aimed at families, programs aimed at children and adolescents in schools and community based programmes. This crime is mainly based

on relation between children and parents children and parents and interaction between them can increase or decrease the delinquency behavior of the children.

Interactions with parents and young children.

A strong case for interventions with parents can be made because of nature of human growth and development during fertile period has lifelong consequences parents with history of social adjustment problems are most likely to maintain risky behavior during pregnancy.

School based preventive interventions

There are many reasons vice news plays an important part in prevention treatment and control of Juvenile delinquency according to studies according to low intelligence and poor performance school examination poor academic achievement small vocabulary and poor academic achievements and reasoning reasonable for delinquency low bonding to school. Interactive teaching, cooperative learning, classroom activity should be conducted for interactive teaching online learning this list too long term reduction in violent behavior.

Following are some measures to prevent child's violent behavior-

- Teacher and students group meetings
- Periodic contact between parents and teachers
- Awards for attendance
- Home visit
- Laws passed by government

The Juvenile justice care and protection of children act 2015 by Parliament of India Juvenile justice care and protection of children act 2000 show that children in conflict with law in the age group 16 to 18 years. Act came into force from 15 June 2016 passed by Rajya Sabha 22 December 2015. This act provides to consolidate ideas and modify the law relating to childs in conflict with the law and need of protection and care, by providing proper care, protectionby catering to their development needs and by adopting a child friendly approach.

If preventive measures are followed, the Juvenile delinquency could get reduced to minimal extent.

CONCLUSION

It has to seen that, in past years problems of the children come in to focus and getting attention of government and society both, but the problems is seems enormous and endless that's why resulting in lack of everything that has been done in past and till date. If these problems will not curbed soon then the growth of the children will damaged and it results into dark future of India. We have to implement these amendment in such a manner the we can achieve fruitful results. It is found that social, economic and other factors are the root causes of juvenile delinquency, society must take attention to ensure that proper care should be taken and brought up in peaceful and prosperous manner. So that they could get training, education and guidance which will ensure their place in the society.

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