

REVIEW OF RESEARCH



UGC APPROVED JOURNAL NO. 48514



VOLUME - 8 | ISSUE - 6 | MARCH - 2019

THE BURNING PROBLEM OF INDIAN SOCIETY - GROWTH OF POPULATION

Patel Bhanubahen L.

ABSTRACT :

Population growth in the present age is a viable problem. India is second only after China in terms of world population. Every seven people in the world are an Indian. Due to population growth in India many problems arise. According to the census of 2011, the population of the country is one hundred twenty one. Various causes of population growth and its effects are seen. In the present article, suggestions have been made to prevent population growth in addition to various causes of population growth and its effects.



ISSN: 2249-894X

KEYWORDS : Population growth, Traditional belief.

INTRODUCTION

Population growth in the current era is a global problem. China is the world's first population in terms of population. And India is second. But if India cannot get the ride that China has achieved for control of population, it will not be time to rise in population growth. In 1850, the population of the world took one billion to twenty five million years and six billion population reached, but now it is only seven billion years longer than the ten years that the population has increased. Every ten years in the world, a population of India increases as much as an australia compartment and one in India.

New generation will not forgive us if we do not get enough serious to present the problems of population growth. If we all try to solve the serious problem of this burning problem, then we can enjoy the sweet fest of development. Because this problem is not a disaster but man-made. Apart from external aggression from other countries, the problem of population growth is horrible, which gives rise to many problems.

According to biologists estimates there are 500 million different species of animal species in the whole world, not all the species except the human race have a population increase. In the world every 4.5 babies are born and 1.5 die in total. So every 3 people add up every second. Talking about India, a child is born a child in the second century. In just one minute, 50 children are born and 16.6 children die, and every minute there is a clear increase of 33.4 people every minute.

CAUSES OF POPULATION GROWTH PROBLEMS

There are various reasons for the emergence of population growth problems. Which are as follows?

• High birth rate

The birth of births of one thousand people during the year is called birth rate. India's birth rate is high. There are also various reasons for this. Which are as follows?

- Religious belief of being a son

After the death of the parents, the son gets pandadan to get salvation. Religious beliefs that increase the number of births due to son's son should be done.

- Traditional belief in being a son

The number of children due to the belief that such a child should be son, even if there are many daughters, due to the traditional belief that the father should take out the son from the name of his father's name, it increases.

- Illiteracy

India's literacy rate is very low compared to other countries. So people have unintentionally towards family planning. As a result, the number of children goes up.

- Poverty

Children are considered as laborers in poor families. The number of children is as high as the smallest calculation, the number of children increases.

Low mortality

Death is estimated to be one thousand populations per year during the year. There are various reasons for low mortality in India. Which are as follows?

- Improved standard of living

In recent times, due to personal development, the standard of living of the people has improved. As a result mortality has decreased.

- Female education

At present, women are conscious of their education, which has resulted in increase in the number of women's education. Such women have special concepts of health. Therefore, the mortality rate of child mortality and the mortality rate of family members have decreased.

Development of health services

There has been an increase in the number of health centers in the present time. Health centers have been established in small villages. Where people get various types of health related information and medicines. As a result mortality has decreased.

Migration

Instead of moving from one place to another, a large mass of population is called migration. Such migratory migration boosts the population. When Bangladesh was released from Pakistan, thousands of Bangladeshi people came to India and were in the process of migration. Migrants are caused by political, geographic, economic, and natural disasters.

Population growth effects

Due to population growth, two types of problems occur in numerical and qualitative. Which are as follows?

Numerical problems

- Over-population

One person lives in one square meter in developed countries, while seven people in a developing country like India live. Thus the seventh person is found in Indian.

-Increase in population density

Due to population growth, population density increases and creates other problems.

- Gender disparity

Often, due to frequent childbirth and ignorance of girls' birth, the proportion of women decreases, and the proportion of men is increased due to male recognition. Thus, there is a disparity in male and female ratio.

• Qualitative problems

- Poverty and Unemployment

Population growth leads to increase in poverty and unemployment. About 36% of the country's population lives below the poverty line and the number of registered unemployed is 8 lakhs.

- Abundant Nutrition

Due to population growth, per capita income cannot be increased, resulting in not providing adequate nutrition to all members of the family, and for the lack of nutrition, many people suffer from diseases.

- Illiteracy

All children are not adequately educated while the children are more in the family, as well as many children who are engaged in protecting the small children of the family. As a result, these children's studies stop, and the number of illiterates increases.

- Discomfort of accommodation

The speed at which the population increases, the land does not increase at the speed of so that people are drifting towards cities to get livelihood. There is a need to get jobs in the cities but there is no housing available, so there is a situation like "The bread meets but there will be no Otlow". So the proportion of people living in the footpath and slum increases and many problems arise.

SUGGESTION FOR PREVENTION OF POPULATION GROWTH

Population growth cannot be prevented by a zest but by a systematic planning and execution, it can be stopped gradually. For this, social awareness and law enforcement are two things that are very important. For which the community and the government have to be jointly committed.

Spreading Social Awareness

Providing Employment and Social Security

Enhance the awareness and convenience of education.

To make people aware of family planning

Promoting family welfare activities

If we work together with government officials, social organizations and the general public to cover the above issues, we will not be able to stop the growth of the population; this man-made disaster will distinguish the entire system of our country.

CONCLUSION

Growing population is one of today's global problems. In terms of world population China is ranked first and India is second. According to the census of 2011, India's population is 1 billion 21 crore and Gujarat's population is 6 million 21 lakh. There are also various reasons for population growth. This includes high birth rate, low mortality and exits. There are various effects on the population growth community as well. Skylightmak such as hysteria, habitat, gender disparity, gender problem, age problem etc. Includes qualitative problems such as numerical and poverty, unemployment, inadequate nutrition, increased levels of illiteracy, illiteracy, disorganized habitats and anti-social elements. In the present article, there are various reasons for population growth, apart from its impact; suggestions for preventing population growth have been discussed.

REFERENCE

- Hauser and Duncan, the Study of Population (edited)
- Hans Raj, Fundamental of Demography
- O.S.Srivastava, Demography and Population Studies.
- Agravala S.N. India's Population Problems.
- B.K. Kuppuswamy Population and Society in India.
- Govt. of India India, 1995,2005,2009,2011
- N.Bhaskara Rao Family Planning in India.
- S.P.Jain, A Status Study on Population Research in India.
- S. Chandrasekher India's Population, Facts, Problems and Policy.