ABSTRACT:
The innovative unrest cleared the difficulties for the library and data science (LIS) schools in India as well as in the west. Duties of LIS offices and educators are expanding to deliver best LIS experts to lead the 21st century librarianship. The significant obligation of the LIS divisions in India is to prepare LIS undergraduates in the way of thinking, learning, and expert estimations of librarianship, as rehearsed in libraries and in different settings, and as guided by the vision of the 21st century librarianship. LIS instruction and preparing offices in India are experiencing fast changes. During the previous 10 years, the quantity of library schools/offices has developed generously, both for normal and separation instruction programs. Reorientation has been regular in many LIS divisions, and survey and correction in educational program has likewise been taken note. The nature of LIS teachers has likewise improved and research yield is encountering new measurements. Increment in the utilization and access to data and correspondence innovations (ICT) for LIS training is currently progressively clear. This paper talks about the difficulties LIS instruction faces in the 21st century and how to make LIS training progressively significant and successful.

KEYWORDS: library and data science (LIS), correspondence innovations (ICT).

INTRODUCTION
Libraries are always developing to address the issues of their various networks. A long way from being a straightforward store of books and media, the present libraries fill in as priceless assets for everything from information investigation to 3-D printing and starting exercises in coding. In 2018 and past, it’s basic for the cutting edge library to take in the changing essences of its supporters and react as needs be. Each statistic is unique, yet there are innumerable ways that the advanced library can react to late patterns and offer data and assets that are both creative and applicable to its clients. Library is a heart of each school and universities are the vital piece of advanced education and advanced education is a spine of the creating nation so at last the school libraries assume a significant job in the instructive history of the creating nation. For the most part libraries in universities are the essential hotspot for learning process. The school library is an interfacing join among instructing and learning just as spot which supplement its assets what is past extent of study hall. It is the circuitous network between the understudy and employees. It serves the client by giving explicit data to the client. Yet, how far the school libraries assume it’s productive job by adjusting the modernization in the strategies and gives the benefits to the all partners in the types of administrations is the unanswerable inquiry till the detail review of the all senior school libraries comes in the image. My point of the overview is to center the truth of the library status identified with framework of library, physically prepared materials, reference administrations accessible in the
library, data sources put away in the library, accessibility of prepared staff, money related spending plan, digitization of library, web office, understanding room, book bank office to the penniless understudy and so on newline

OBJECTIVES OF STUDY
1. To study the present status of college libraries under taken for study. 2. To examine the growth of collections of these libraries in respect with their quantitative increase. 3. To see the adequacy of staff in these libraries and their professional trainings 4. To study the various services provided by these libraries. 5. To see the adequacy of funds received by these libraries. 6. To assess the development of the libraries by implementing prescribed standards.

IMPORTANCE OF LIBRARIES
Libraries play a vital role in encouraging and promoting the process of learning and gaining knowledge. People who love reading can have access to a wide range of books and resources. Libraries provide educational resources to everyone. Reading improves social skills, knowledge, mental health, academic performance and offers numerous other benefits. Library is a common platform for people with diverse reading interests and capacities. People get an opportunity to learn and progress as per their interests and capabilities. Library is the best place to spend leisure time wisely that leads to the overall development and well-being of an individual.

TECHNOLOGY
Picture ALT Text: A mechanical hand model. As per the American Library Association Top Technology Trends asset, libraries overall burn through $1.8 billion on innovation. These offices frequently offer clients their first active access to new items. One prevalent way that libraries are expanding openness to new advances is through makerspaces. Makerspaces incorporate tech like computer generated experience content creation labs, 3-D printers, item manufacture apparatuses, PCB processing machines, laser cutters, and the sky is the limit from there.

Makerspaces can fill numerous important needs including:
• Facilitating model creation for business visionaries and creators
• Educating benefactors on science and innovation
• Promoting imaginative critical thinking
• Offering experiential learning openings
Library science experts must endeavor to create makerspaces and other innovation labs that take into account the unmistakable needs of their socioeconomics. Makerspaces can be whole on location labs, versatile trucks, or even knapsacks loaded up with apparatuses that are accessible for credit.

GAMIFICATION
Gamification is a developing pattern that casings learning in the effectively open organization of a game. Games are progressively observing use for everything from grade school instruction to expert preparing. Game dominance advances numerous abilities, including math, rationale, spatial thinking, perusing, and composing.
Players may search out the library for aides and handbooks to enable them to improve their game play. Analyzing how computer games urge children to peruse, Brecht Vandenbroucke noted in an article for Wired that The Ultimate Player's Guide scored between evaluations 8 and 11 on the Flesch-Kincaid Reading Ease scale, yet books like this are frequently eaten up by rudimentary age kids who are propelled by their enthusiasm for games, for example, Minecraft. By providing the correct writing, libraries can advance education among players who are keen on getting familiar with the games that intrigue them.
Libraries can likewise fill in as a gathering place for players, offering the open door for socialization through gaming. The Darien Library in Connecticut runs its own Minecraft server, and the Hudson Library in Ohio facilitated a Minecraft work off. Advancing co-play two by two, gatherings, or classes, libraries can help urge players to investigate different game components together by posing inquiries, sharing bits of knowledge, and preparing new disclosures together.

VIRTUAL REALITY

Computer generated reality (VR) innovation gives the client a headset that transports them to vivid goals where they can gaze upward, down, and around essentially by moving their heads. Libraries have since a long time ago filled in as basic passages to new advances. At the point when PCs and the web were still new developments, the neighborhood library was frequently the simplest spot for clients to get on the web.

Today, libraries may have the chance to offer clients their first cooperations with computer generated reality. In California, Oculus propelled an activity that made 100 Oculus Rift headsets and VR-prepared PCs accessible in 90 libraries. With a sticker price of about $1,500 for a headset and VR-prepared PC, this innovation may not be open to the normal shopper yet. Be that as it may, libraries that offer this kind of innovation can enable new clients to adapt to the frameworks, which are as of now descending in cost, even as they experience exhibition hall accumulations or fascinating travel goals remotely on account of VR.

CODING

It's genuinely regular for libraries to offer fundamental PC proficiency classes on subjects, for example, word handling, spreadsheets, and web use. Today, numerous offices are finding an extraordinary interest for further developed classes, too, especially for those that investigate coding. These classes are well known among supporters all things considered.

In Library Journal, the administrator of the advanced involvement with Westport Public Library in Connecticut, Alex Giannini, says, "Children today are growing up with an iPad in their grasp. They don't need to become familiar with the computerized language; they're brought into the world with it." He proceeds to take note of that offering coding classes at a more youthful age enables these tech-to clever young people handle further ideas of innovation.

Coding classes have been effective for libraries the nation over, from the Berkeley Public Library in California to the Orlando County Library System in Florida. These contributions get new benefactors and give new, significant assets to regulars who need to gain some new useful knowledge.

SOCIAL MEDIA

Building up, keeping up, and growing an internet based life nearness is significant for libraries. Gregg Dodd, Director of Marketing at Columbus Metropolitan Library, clarifies the estimation of a computerized system obviously, saying, "Our clients live in an advanced world, so this is a significant space to interface with them."

Web based life connections make library occasions, exercises, and contributions effectively sharable. Computerized substance, for example, verifiable photos are ready for social sharing, also. By reacting to online life labels, remarks, or notices, libraries increase a significant chance to draw in with their group of spectators and fortify social associations.

DATA ANALYTICS

Building up, keeping up, and growing an internet based life nearness is significant for libraries. Gregg Dodd, Director of Marketing at Columbus Metropolitan Library, clarifies the estimation of a computerized system obviously, saying, "Our clients live in an advanced world, so this is a significant space to interface with them."
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THE LIBRARY VERSUS THE WEB

Net Gen understudies plainly see the open space of the World Wide Web as their data universe. This is contrary to the perspective of curators and numerous staff, who see the library as the locus of data applicable to scholarly work. Understudies generally approach their exploration regardless of the library's structure or the manner in which that the library portions various assets into various regions of its Web webpage. Library Web locales regularly mirror an authoritative perspective on the library (for instance, how to get to the reference division or online index); they don't do an especially great job of collecting content on a specific branch of knowledge. Understudies for the most part favor the worldwide looking of Google to increasingly advanced yet additional tedious looking gave by the library, where understudies must make separate hunts of the online index and each database of potential enthusiasm, after first distinguishing which databases may be pertinent. Not all ventures of library lists or databases yield full-content materials, and Net Gen understudies need expedient answers, however full delight of their data demands on the spot, if conceivable.

LOCATING QUALITY DIGITAL INFORMATION

Giving systems to data searchers from academe to find quality data assets in a specific branch of knowledge is additionally a test for libraries—a significant one. Numerous scholarly libraries give "library aides" or pathfinders to quality data assets, accessible through the library Web website, however ordinarily they are not vigorously utilized. A predetermined number of subject controls have created facilitated Web advisers for data assets; a remarkable model is AgNIC (http://www.agnic.org), serving the field of farming. A few libraries are creating components to connection subject pathfinders into course the executives frameworks for each course at the foundation. This valuable procedure carries the data to where understudies will be effectively occupied with scholastic work. Bookkeepers at the University of Rochester searched for better approaches to carry quality subject assets to the consideration of understudies. They perceived that "college understudies' psychological model is one centered around courses and coursework, as opposed to disciplines." Therefore, they built up a component to consolidate pathfinders into each course at the foundation utilizing the course the board framework.

LIBRARY AND INFORMATION SERVICES

Curators frequently take incredible pride in the customized data administrations they offer to their bodies electorate and the classes they educate to fuse data proficiency into the scholastic educational plan. While a large number of the present Net Gen understudies have grown up with innovation, they don't really have the essential learning or abilities to utilize innovation and computerized data in manners proper to the institute. Bookkeepers should persevere in their endeavors to discover approaches to enable understudies to find out about computerized data, incorporating significant strategy issues in this field, for example, protection and licensed innovation. They ought to think about refreshing a portion of their strategies for showing understudies, fusing gaming innovation, or growing all the more outwardly situated guidance helps, for instance. One-on-one administrations offered electronically ought to be custom fitted to understudies' attributes, for example, their inclination to work late hours and utilize an assortment of advances, including PCs and mobile phones.

FLUENCY WITH TECHNOLOGY AND INFORMATION LITERACY

Are Net Gen understudies as of now so innovation educated and data canny that they have no requirement for guidance or individual help with utilizing innovation and library and data assets? We realize
that Net Gen undergraduates come to grounds having played long periods of computer games, having invested quite a bit of their extra energy surfing the Net and texting their companions, and having utilized various electronic gadgets at the same time. Then again, we hear grievances from workforce that undergraduates utilize wrong sources from the Web to help their thoughts in research projects rather than friend looked into scholarly assets; that they submit mixed media extends that are shallow and brimming with fabulousness, not substance—and that they never again read, period.

REFERENCE SERVICES

In spite of the fact that libraries have offered email reference administrations for various years, they were delayed to receive visit and once in a while created modern yet complex talk programming as opposed to the less difficult frameworks regularly utilized by Net Gen undergraduates. Custodians may need to change their attitude of utilizing the most complex programming that empowers highlights they accept could give improved assistance, for example, allowing the administrator to exhibit an inquiry or audit a data asset in one window while visiting with the understudy in another, in inclination for programming that undergraduates are bound to utilize.

VISUAL, INTERACTIVE SERVICES

Undergraduates likewise such as self-administration, intuitive Web locales, and it is astounding that libraries haven't created visual portrayals of their administrations that undergraduates could investigate. An overview by OCLC found that one of undergraduates' top proposals for libraries was to offer intelligent maps, study tips, and guides. A case of that kind of condition is a Web webpage created by the British Museum as an "understudy's room" for a show of Mughal India, which prospered in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries. Students see an office-style room that they can investigate by tapping on parts, for example, a globe, file organizers, book racks, etc. They are then prompted exhibition hall assets including a chart book and essential assets from the historical center's accumulations on the Mughal time frame. This kind of model could be utilized for a library reference room and its assets.

LIBRARY PHYSICAL SPACES

As the Leavey Library at USC referenced above illustrates, undergraduates will run to library offices that offer conditions helpful for Net Gen students. What Leavey offers are several workstations in arrangements that help the two people and little gatherings, bunch study rooms where undergraduates can cooperate on undertakings, workstations furnished with a wide exhibit of programming that can be utilized for formation of new data items, and staff with both library and data innovation skill who can address subject-data solicitations and innovation equipment or programming issues.

INTEGRATING PHYSICAL AND VIRTUAL ENVIRONMENTS

Most libraries have not yet figured out how to viably incorporate physical spaces with virtual spaces and administrations. For instance, the early on screen on workstations in a data house may have no depiction of the administrations or advanced data items offered there. Vassar College has cured this in their Media Cloisters (http://mediacloisters.vassar.edu/), where entering guests are stood up to with a brilliantly hued set of screens presenting understudy individuals from the mixed media group and promoting their specialized topics.

PROS OF LIBRARIES

• Virtual libraries give quick access to wide scope of books and assets. Libraries give materials in all configurations, for example, books, periodicals, magazines, recordings, sounds and computerized media. The assets are modified and custom-made to address the issues of students' locale. The wide scope of assets addresses the issue of differing clients with different needs.
Whether in instructive or open library individuals profit by the help of administrators and staff individuals. There is head curator in each library and a group of expert staff who helps individuals with inquiries and prescribe books according to their advantage. Libraries are constantly classified via prepared staff. They are classified to address the issues of the network. The list is likewise entered and put away in PCs with the goal that it turns out to be simple for the clients to look. Libraries have positive effect on the improvement of our general public. They open a universe of books and assets of data and information to individuals for nothing.

CONS OF LIBRARIES

- Libraries require part of staff and land to house different books and assets. It turns out to be extremely costly to keep up libraries and the library staff. Since they are not seen as essential, they are probably going to tolerate spending cuts.
- Since a wide scope of books and assets are to be kept up and refreshed in old libraries the helpful assets might be constrained due the time it takes to refresh. In this way, the libraries may not now and again approach the present data.
- Some restricted release books and diaries from hundreds of years prior may not be accessible in each library. Individuals searching for such assets must visit customary libraries for the equivalent.

CONCLUSION

It is more than five decades when library and data science training had been officially acquainted in Nigeria with produce qualified and satisfactory work force into our libraries and data focuses. The nonappearance or deficiency of library school in Nigeria involves the past. Be that as it may, the foundation of such schools isn't sufficient, yet there is have to guarantee that they withstand the advanced difficulties through satisfactory arrangements (human, materials, money related, and assets for instructing and learning, and so on.). The contemporary situation prevailed by data and learning points of view as saw by Karisiddappa (2004) recommend the squeezing need to instruct and prepare the library and data labor towards a reasonable expert ability.. Developing library content, services, and environments that are responsive to Net Gen students can be achieved by examining the characteristics of those students and making a conscious effort to address deficiencies and transform the current situation in libraries. Why should libraries and librarians adapt their well-structured organizations and systems to the needs of students rather than insist that students learn about and adapt to existing library systems? The answer is that students have grown up in and will live in a society rich in technology and digital information. By blending the technology skills and mindset that students have developed all their lives with the fruits of the academy, libraries can offer environments that resonate with Net Gen students while enriching their college education and lifelong learning capabilities.

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