Review Of Research

PROSPECT AND DEVELOPMENT OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY

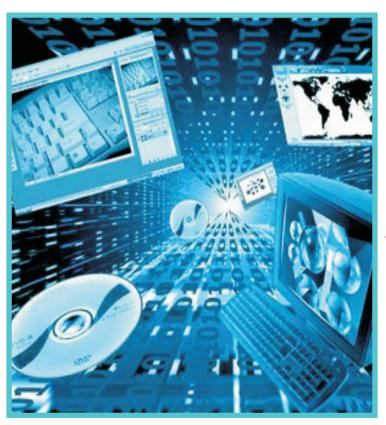
ABSTRACT:

ICT is a fast growing technology worldwide. It makes things easier and accurate; also it saves time and stress. It holds a greater future to the world. ICT teaches utility of technology to improve performance and effectiveness in management, teaching and many other social enhancing learning, flexibility and efficiency curriculum delivery. ICT's technologies on location are, printed matter, slides, transparencies, scanners, digital notepads and white boards, audiotapes, films and videos, digital books, CD's, Computer projection etc. ICT's technology at a distance includes correspondence, radio, TV Broad casts, web pages, web internet and intranet, web cast. There is a huge potential in use of ICT, access to the information, community linkages, planning and management, life-long learning, skill formation of the user, also efficient teaching & learning. It's reliable, accessible and encouraging. The present investigation an attempt is made to study the Prospect and Development of Information and Communication technology.

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ICT, Public cloud, Machine communication, Tablet, Smart phone.

INTRODUCTION

ICT is a technology which is one of the wonders of learning, teaching as well. ICT's are resourceful and powerful tools that can help for effective learning environments and should therefore be present in every educational place. ICT's technologies on location are, printed matter, slides, transparencies, scanners, digital notepads and white boards, audiotapes, films and videos, digital books, CD's, Computer projection etc. ICT's technology at a distance includes correspondence, radio, TV Broad casts, web pages, web internet and intranet, web cast. ICT has influenced entire industries; it has impact of doing business, efficiently, innovatively competitively & flexibly. ICT supports globalization of i.e. Economy, Information, Tech- Innovation, Knowledge based economy, and Knowledge based society and Escalating Demand for education. ICT policy aims at preparing youth to participate creatively in the establishment, sustenance and growth of a knowledge society leading to all round socio-economic development of the nation and global competitiveness. Modern ICT trends in education are distance learning, social networks, open source, mobile devices and online learning among other trends. Mobile phones are playing a big role in improving ICT access across the world. Innovative use of ICT could solve socio-economic, cultural, time & geographical barrier problem of Society. In this paper an attempt is made to study the Prospect and Development of Information and Communication technology.

OBJECTIVES:

The major objectives of the present research work are as below.

- 1. To study the significance of ICT.
- 2. To examine the role of ICT worldwide.
- 3.To understand potential of ICT

DATAAND METHODOLOGY:

The present research work is based on secondary data, which is collected through published books, journals, reports and websites. For the present investigation Prospects and Development of ICT in Future was selected. A study covers, need, significance and challenges of ICT in various sectors which can be improved in the present circumstances.

PROGRESSION OF SOCIETY WITH TECHNOLOGY IN 20^TH CENTURY:

Innovation of aero planes, talking movies invention, vacuum cleaner, FM radio, stereo records, atomic bomb etc. took place during first half century. When first half century was over, video, tape recorder, optic fibers, the 1st patent for bar code, were few of the inventions. In the next decade man landed on the moon. Computer mouse, artificial heart, codes scanner etc. were invented. Next decade i.e. 1970 s, invention of floppy disk, microprocessor, the walkman, the ether Net (Local Computer Network) took place. With up gradation of technology digital cell phone, home computers, MS-DOS, Windows, were on the market. During 1990s the launch of World Wide Web, Wi-Fi, digital games, goggles, inventions in genetic Engineering cloning & stem cell research were the highlighted inventions.

PROGRESSION OF SOCIETY WITH TECHNOLOGY IN THE BEGINNING OF 21^{ST} CENTURY:

During the 1st decade of 21st century, artificial intelligence, interactive 360 holographic images, mixed reality, stress disorder virtual therapies etc. were the great boons to mankind. In the current generation people access knowledge via ICT to be updated with the latest developments.

Touch Screen Technology has become more popular. "Such a device can be held in the hand like a mobile phone but it is having a larger surface, something like a writing tablet. It is used for all kinds of communicating- browsing the internet, e-mailing, reading & social networking with friends & colleagues" Social networking sites such as face book & twitter is one of the entertainment & information seeking tools. Visits to twitter have been increased.

IMPLEMENTATION OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY:

ICT is an effective mean of transferring and imparting knowledge .It is also a mean to use the knowledge. There are various ways to implement ICT. Some of them are given below.

${\bf RADIO\,BROADCAST\,\&\,INTERACTIVE\,RADIO\,INSTRUCTION:}$

Interactive programs during radio broadcast also proved beneficial for effective teaching, learning as well.

TELEVISION:

Interactive television programs are one of the effective means of ICT. Educational TV which comes under ICT as television media, 3D films have now become more common. This can be brought into education, because students will be interested in the impact that 3D will have on the way we live. There is increasing demand of bandwidth & this will widen the digital divine. High speed broad band particularly wireless, are essential for communication.

VIRTUALEDUCATION:

A virtual education is made available from school to university. Virtual university provides education programs through electronic media, typically the Internet. Some are bricks & mortar institutions that provide online learning as part of their extended university courses, while others solely offer online courses. They are regarded as a form of distance education.

MACHINE TO MACHINE COMMUNICATION:

In the next 5 to 10 years almost all infrastructure will be operating through internet. This technology will allow equipment, machine or device to communicate with each other. Machine to machine communications will be more when wireless broadband, bandwidth become more accessible & affordable. This has brought a great revolution in all fields.

USE OF MULTIMEDIA:

A stronger self esteem can be built, if there is better use of multimedia. They take pride in learning new technology and enjoy using technology in a creative way. Use of multimedia technology such as computers or videos involve learning different steps. Also using multimedia, hand in hand learning occurs. When a student doesn't understand a particular step, while learning, her/his classmate will offer casual advice to learn the steps. Thus this peer to peer tutoring is beneficial to both students, also it offers building confidence and social skills. Digital learners are multimedia users, consumers, creators, commutators, collaborators; coordinators. The main contributors in the digital world are blogs, comments, Wikipedia, YouTube, podcasts, SMS, twitter, Skype, chat, whatsApp etc.

ICTINAGRICULTURE:

ICT can be used for optimizing inputs of pesticides and fertilizers to crops. It will also manage the grazing of cattle which will reduce methane production, control supply of water when needed. Thus ICT can be used in intelligent way for controlling irrigation systems.

ICT FOR TRAVEL INDUSTRY:

An effective online booking is one of the best examples of proper utilization of ICT. This leads to manage Customer Relationship in a better way. It also reduces need of more staff, proving excellent economical way.

TODAY THE INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY:

With beginning of millennium there was dot-com bust due to the demand for technology jobs. Now Knowledge economy strategy has become more popular. Nowadays, about 50 per cent of enterprise email users rely on browser tablet or mobile instead of desktop client. Use of mobile devices and growing use of browser is one of the great attractions for a new generation. Email system vendors are building more and more build mobile clients. Suppliers are accommodating an increasing portfolio of collaboration services like messaging, web conferencing, social networking and also shared workplaces. Now it is an era of mobile application development, projects targeting, smart phones and tablets. There is an increasing application platform capability across all the classes of mobile phones. Also the vast majority of client side applications. This trend will keep going on.

Public cloud system offers a service provider making resources, such as applications and storage, available to the general public over the internet. Public cloud has become one of the major demands. Almost half of global companies will store customer sensitive data in the public cloud. Due to financial pressure, Organizations will be compelled to decrease operational costs. Around 40 per cent of enterprises IT expenditure of most of organizations will be managed by outside the IT departments. A new wave of business managers and individual employees will drive next generation's digital enterprises. New software vulnerabilities will be increased demand for the use of cloud services and employee owned devices.

CONCLUSION

Using multimedia in education and other fields results in the increasing productivity and retention rates. Multimedia in education results in the technology which has great potential for knowledge dissemination. Future of ICT is bright in all fields. The fruitfulness of ICTs in all fields depends on how they are introduced into the system. Students have to equip with skills and knowledge which will be required in the world of tomorrow. Use of ICT mainly focuses on using computers and other information providing devices and facilities. The era of information age with computer oriented skills has come into existence.

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